THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Case.

DELEGATE CASE: This particular provision does not change in any way as I read it the laws we have today on this point. It keeps it just where it is.

THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Clagett.

DELEGATE CLAGETT: Delegate Case, with reference to Section 8.02 and 8.02-2, where you deal with classification, what do you mean by classification by events or classification of events?

THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Case.

DELEGATE CASE: Delegate Clagett, there are three generic incidents of taxation. One is property. That is to say the real or personal property or chose in action or any other kind of property both tangible or intangible, that you care to mention.

This can be taxed, it can be levied upon. There is the common case. The second generic instance is the taxpayer. Here we deal with the -- you could deal with the poll tax, for example, which of course is not allowed as a prerequisite to voting, but we have seen direct capitation taxes in other states, never in Maryland, to